

1 Platinum nuggets are in the shape of a solid cylinder.

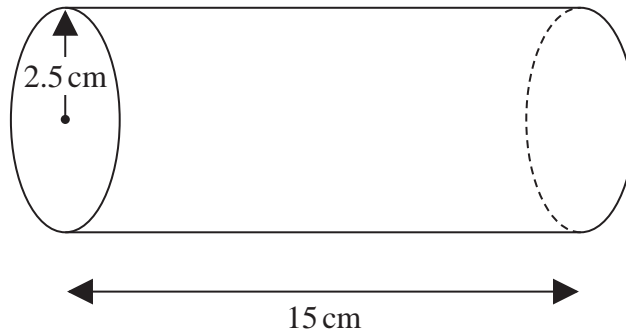


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The radius of each cylinder is 2.5 cm.

The length of each cylinder is 15 cm.

The density of platinum is  $21.5 \text{ g/cm}^3$

The greatest mass that Jacques can carry is 30 kg.

Can Jacques carry 5 platinum nuggets at the same time?

You must show all your working.

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(Total for Question 1 is 5 marks)

**2** **R** and **S** are two similar solid shapes.

Shape **R** has surface area  $108\text{ cm}^2$  and volume  $135\text{ cm}^3$

Shape **S** has surface area  $300\text{ cm}^2$

Work out the volume of shape **S**.

.....  $\text{cm}^3$

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**(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)**

- 3 The diagram shows a solid cylinder with radius 3 m.

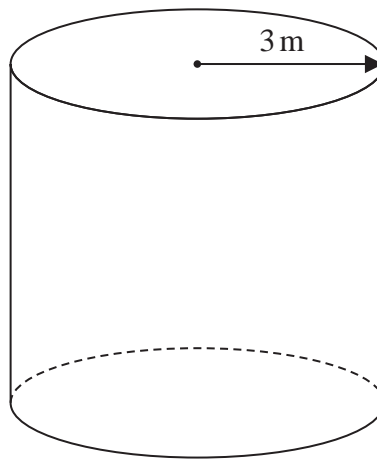


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The volume of the cylinder is  $72\pi \text{ m}^3$

Calculate the **total** surface area of the cylinder.  
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... $\text{m}^2$

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(Total for Question 3 is 5 marks)

- 4 The diagram shows a frustum of a cone and a sphere.

The frustum is made by removing a small cone from a large cone.  
The cones are similar.

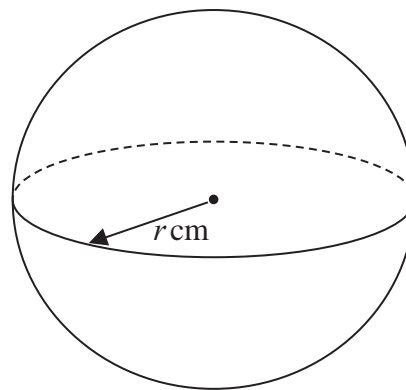
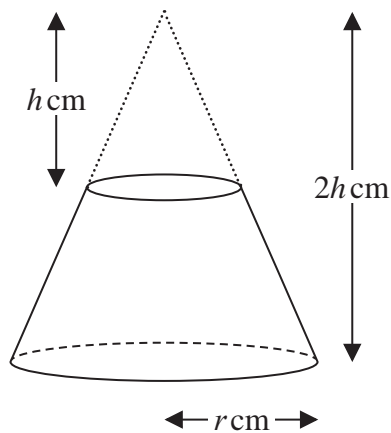


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The height of the small cone is  $h\text{ cm}$ .  
The height of the large cone is  $2h\text{ cm}$ .  
The radius of the base of the large cone is  $r\text{ cm}$ .

The radius of the sphere is  $r\text{ cm}$ .

Given that the volume of the frustum is equal to the volume of the sphere,

find an expression for  $r$  in terms of  $h$ .

Give your expression in its simplest form.

$$r = \dots\dots\dots$$

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**(Total for Question 4 is 5 marks)**

5

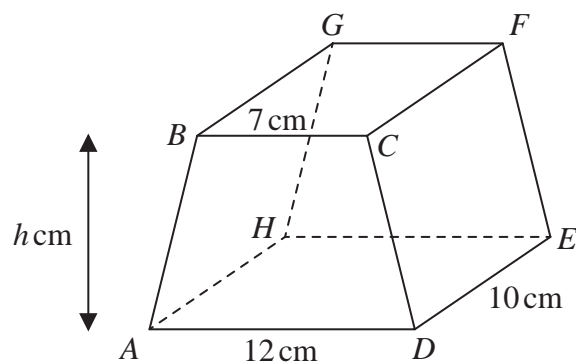


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The diagram shows a prism  $ABCDEFGH$  in which  $ABCD$  is a trapezium with  $BC$  parallel to  $AD$  and  $CDEF$  is a rectangle.

$$BC = 7 \text{ cm} \quad AD = 12 \text{ cm} \quad DE = 10 \text{ cm}$$

The height of trapezium  $ABCD$  is  $h \text{ cm}$

The volume of the prism is  $608 \text{ cm}^3$

Work out the value of  $h$ .

$$h = \dots\dots\dots$$

(Total for Question 5 is 3 marks)

6 The diagram shows two similar vases, **A** and **B**.

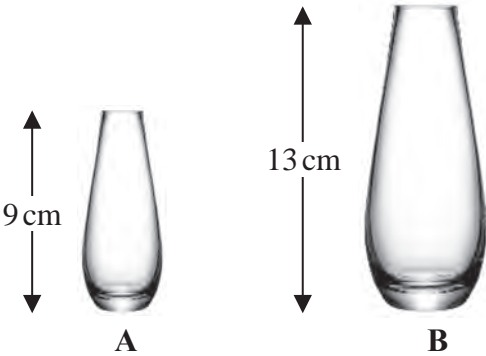


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The height of vase **A** is 9 cm and the height of vase **B** is 13 cm.

Given that

$$\text{surface area of vase A} + \text{surface area of vase B} = 1800\text{ cm}^2$$

calculate the surface area of vase **A**.

..... cm<sup>2</sup>

(Total for Question 6 is 4 marks)

7 The diagram shows a solid cube.

The cube is placed on a table so that the whole of one face of the cube is in contact with the table.

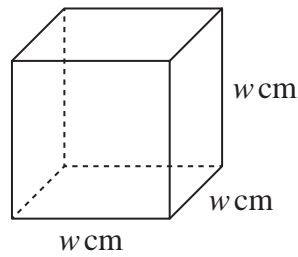


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The cube exerts a force of 56 newtons on the table.

The pressure on the table due to the cube is 0.14 newtons/cm<sup>2</sup>

$$\text{pressure} = \frac{\text{force}}{\text{area}}$$

Work out the volume of the cube.

..... cm<sup>3</sup>

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(Total for Question 7 is 4 marks)



8 Here is a sector,  $AOB$ , of a circle with centre  $O$  and angle  $AOB = x^\circ$

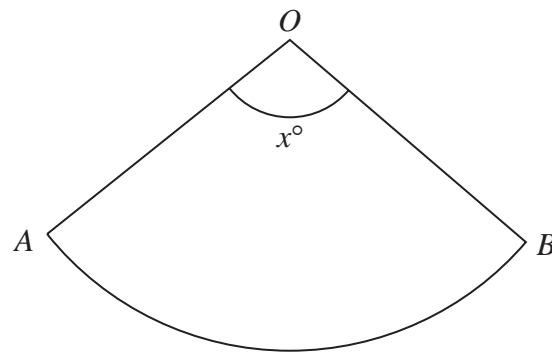


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The sector can form the curved surface of a cone by joining  $OA$  to  $OB$ .

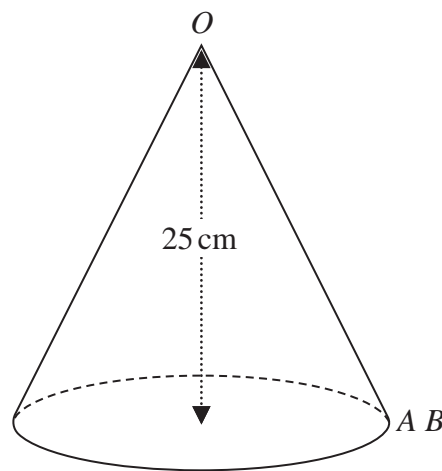


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The height of the cone is  $25\text{ cm}$ .

The volume of the cone is  $1600\text{ cm}^3$

Work out the value of  $x$ .

Give your answer correct to the nearest whole number.

$$x = \dots\dots\dots$$

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**(Total for Question 8 is 6 marks)**

9 Here is a triangular prism.

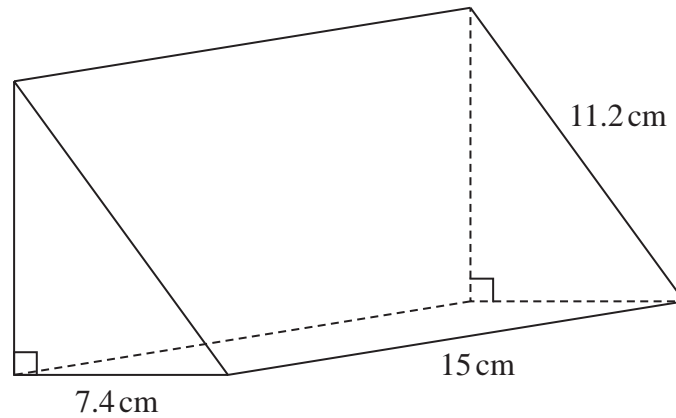


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

Work out the volume of the prism.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm<sup>3</sup>

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(Total for Question 9 is 5 marks)

- 10 The diagram shows a cuboid and a cylinder.

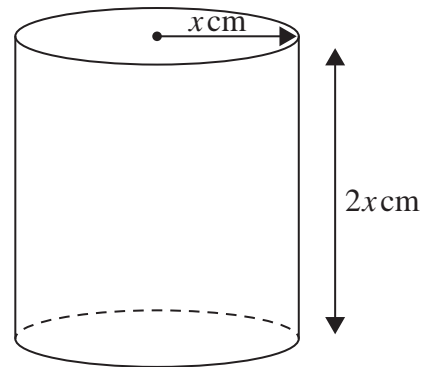
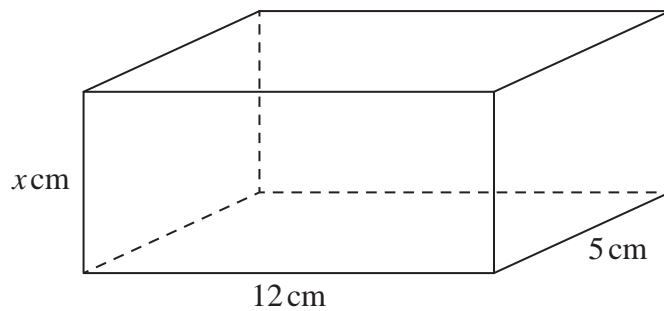


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The dimensions of the cuboid are  $x$  cm by 12 cm by 5 cm.  
The volume of the cuboid is  $270\text{ cm}^3$

The radius of the cylinder is  $x$  cm.  
The height of the cylinder is  $2x$  cm.

- (a) Work out the volume of the cylinder.  
Give your answer correct to the nearest whole number.

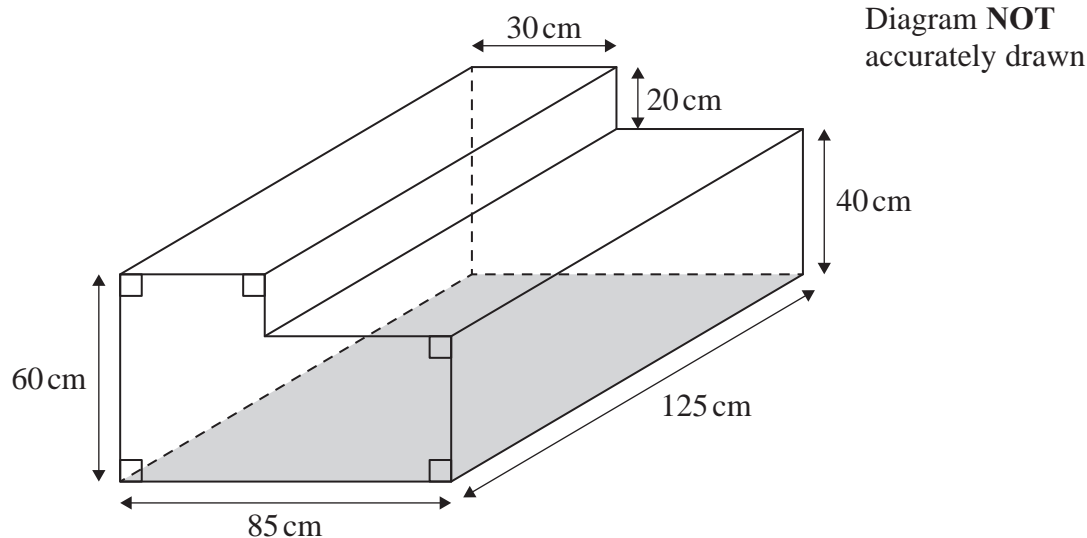
.....  $\text{cm}^3$   
(3)

- (b) Change  $1\text{ m}^3$  to  $\text{cm}^3$

.....  $\text{cm}^3$   
(1)

(Total for Question 10 is 4 marks)

- 11 The diagram shows a container for water in the shape of a prism.



The rectangular base of the prism, shown shaded in the diagram, is horizontal.  
The container is completely full of water.

Tuah is going to use a pump to empty the water from the container so that the volume of water in the container decreases at a constant rate.

The pump starts to empty water from the container at 10 30 and at 12 00 the water level in the container has dropped by 20 cm.

Find the time at which all the water has been pumped out of the container.

**12** A solid, **S**, is made from a hemisphere and a cylinder.

The centre of the circular face of the hemisphere and the centre of the top face of the cylinder are at the same point.

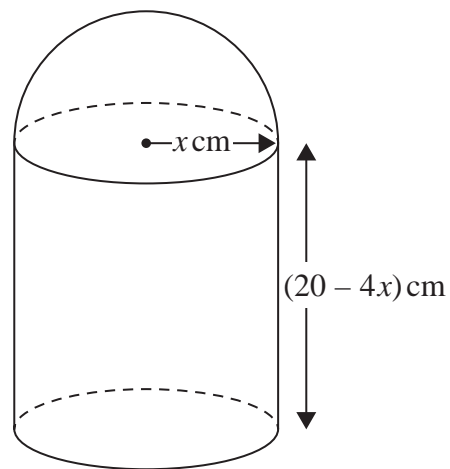


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The radius of the cylinder and the radius of the hemisphere are both  $x \text{ cm}$ .  
The height of the cylinder is  $(20 - 4x) \text{ cm}$ .

The volume of **S** is  $V \text{ cm}^3$  where  $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi y$

Find the maximum value of  $y$ .  
Show clear algebraic working.

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**(Total for Question 12 is 5 marks)**

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13 The diagram shows a solid prism  $ABCDEFGH$ .

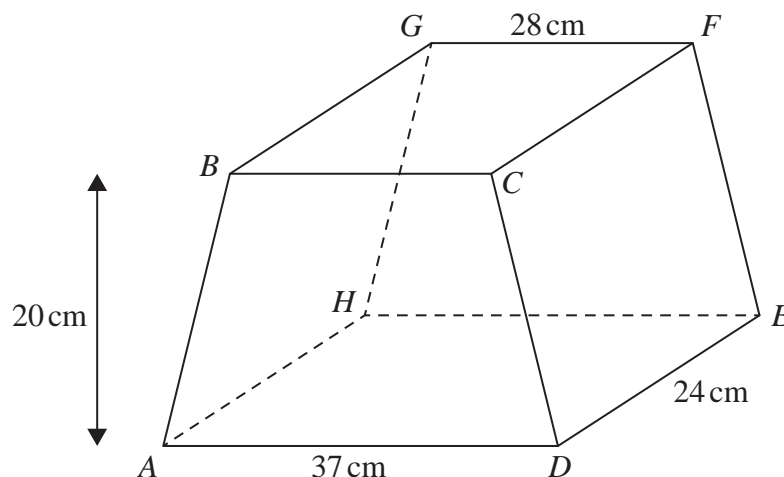


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The trapezium  $ABCD$ , in which  $AD$  is parallel to  $BC$ , is a cross section of the prism.

The base  $ADEH$  of the prism is a horizontal plane.

$ADEH$  and  $BCFG$  are rectangles.

The midpoint of  $BC$  is vertically above the midpoint of  $AD$  so that  $BA = CD$ .

$$AD = 37 \text{ cm} \qquad GF = 28 \text{ cm} \qquad DE = 24 \text{ cm}$$

The perpendicular distance between edges  $AD$  and  $BC$  is 20 cm.

(a) Work out the total surface area of the prism.

..... cm<sup>2</sup>

(4)

(Total for Question 13 is 4 marks)



**14** The diagram shows a frustum of a cone, and a sphere.

The frustum, shown shaded in the diagram, is made by removing the small cone from the large cone.

The small cone and the large cone are similar.

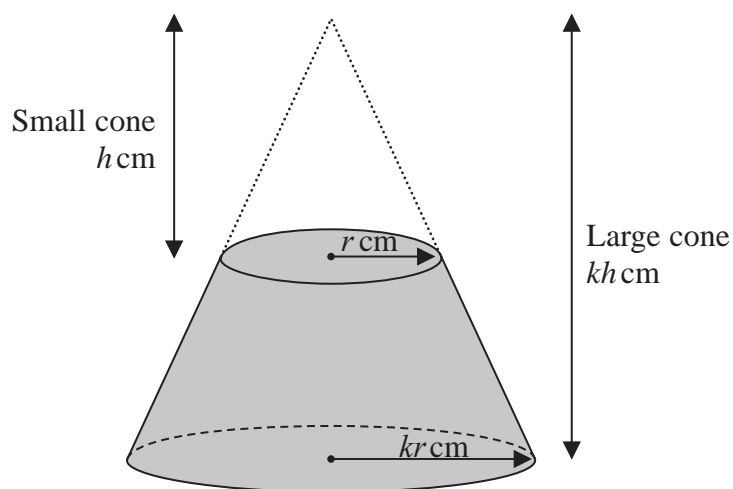
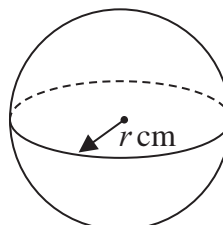


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



The height of the small cone is  $h$  cm and the radius of the base of the small cone is  $r$  cm.  
The height of the large cone is  $kh$  cm and the radius of the base of the large cone is  $kr$  cm.  
The radius of the sphere is  $r$  cm.

The sphere is divided into two hemispheres, each of radius  $r$  cm.

Solid **A** is formed by joining one of the hemispheres to the frustum.

The plane face of the hemisphere coincides with the upper plane face of the frustum, as shown in the diagram below.

Solid **B** is formed by joining the other hemisphere to the small cone that was removed from the large cone.

The plane face of the hemisphere coincides with the plane face of the base of the small cone, as shown in the diagram below.

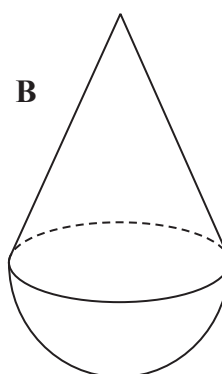
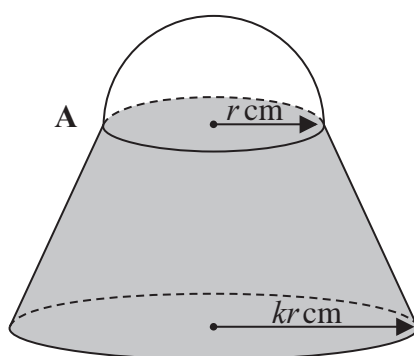


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

The volume of solid **A** is 6 times the volume of solid **B**.

Given that  $k > \sqrt[3]{7}$

find an expression for  $h$  in terms of  $k$  and  $r$

$h = \dots\dots\dots$

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(Total for Question 14 is 6 marks)

- 15 A solid is made from a cone and a hemisphere.

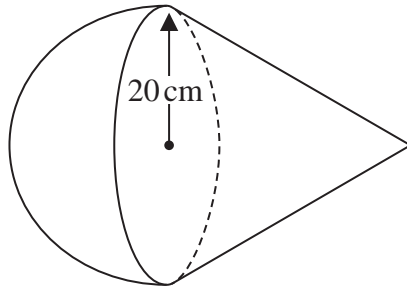


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The circular plane face of the hemisphere coincides with the circular base of the cone.  
The radius of the hemisphere and the radius of the circular base of the cone are both 20 cm.

The curved surface area of the cone is  $580\pi\text{ cm}^2$

The volume of the solid is  $k\pi\text{ cm}^3$

Work out the exact value of  $k$

$k = \dots\dots\dots$

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(Total for Question 15 is 5 marks)

- 16 The diagram shows a solid triangular prism.

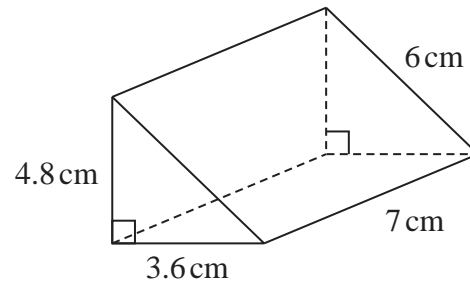


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

Work out the **total** surface area of the triangular prism.  
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm<sup>2</sup>

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(Total for Question 16 is 3 marks)

17 The diagram shows two solids, **A** and **B**, made from two different metals.

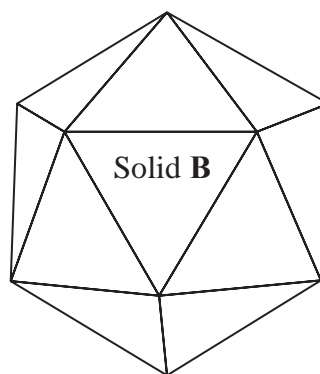
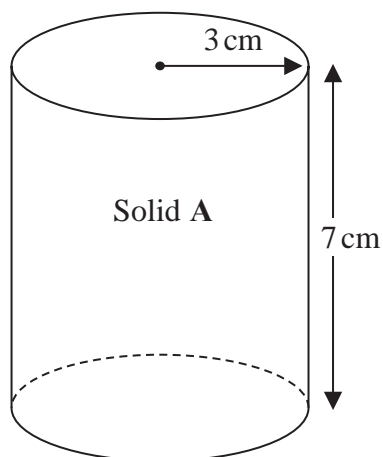


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

Solid **A** is in the shape of a cylinder with radius 3 cm and height 7 cm

Solid **A** has a mass of 2000 g

Solid **B** has a mass of 3375 g

Solid **B** has a volume of  $450\text{ cm}^3$

All of the metal from Solid **A** and Solid **B** is melted down to make a uniform Solid **C**

Given that there is no change to mass or volume during this process

work out the density of Solid **C**

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

.....  $\text{g/cm}^3$

(Total for Question 17 is 3 marks)

**18** A statue and a model of the statue are mathematically similar.

The statue has a total surface area of  $3600\text{ cm}^2$

The model has a total surface area of  $625\text{ cm}^2$

The volume of the model is  $750\text{ cm}^3$

Work out the volume of the statue.

.....  $\text{cm}^3$

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**(Total for Question 18 is 3 marks)**

19 The diagram shows a solid cone and a solid sphere.

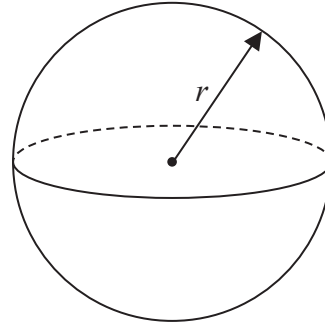
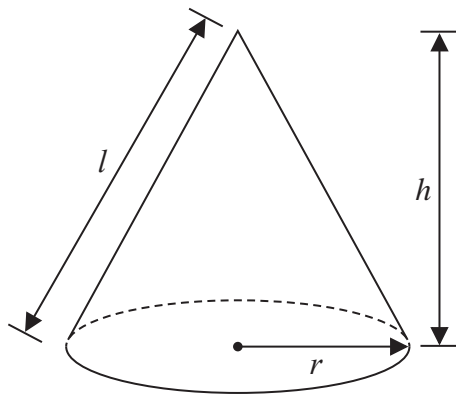


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The cone has base radius  $r$ , slant height  $l$  and perpendicular height  $h$   
The sphere has radius  $r$

The base radius of the cone is equal to the radius of the sphere.

Given that

$$k \times \text{volume of the cone} = \text{volume of the sphere}$$

show that the **total** surface area of the cone can be written in the form

$$\pi r^2 \left( \frac{k + \sqrt{k^2 + a}}{k} \right)$$

where  $a$  is a constant to be found.

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**(Total for Question 19 is 6 marks)**



**20** Given that the surface area of a sphere is  $49\pi\text{cm}^2$

find the volume of the sphere.

Give your answer correct to the nearest integer.

.....  $\text{cm}^3$

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**(Total for Question 20 is 3 marks)**

- 21 The diagram shows a rectangular sheet of metal  $ABCD$

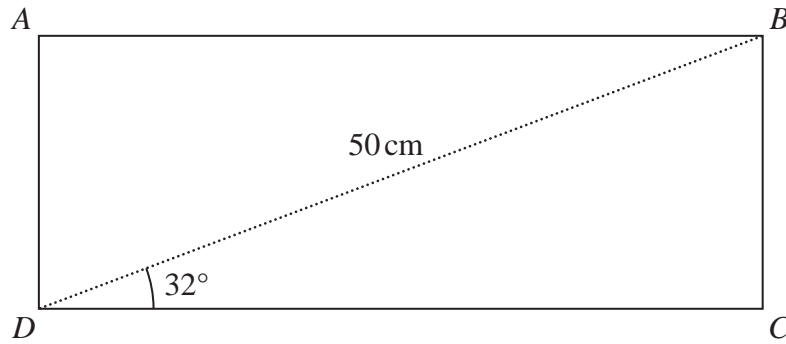


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

$BD = 50\text{ cm}$  and angle  $BDC = 32^\circ$

Nasser joins side  $AD$  to side  $BC$  to form a cylinder.

$BC$  is the height of the cylinder.

$DC$  is the circumference of the cross section of the cylinder.

Work out the volume, in  $\text{cm}^3$ , of the cylinder.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm<sup>3</sup>

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**(Total for Question 21 is 6 marks)**

- 22 A frustum is made by removing a small square-based pyramid from a similar large squared-based pyramid as shown in the diagram.

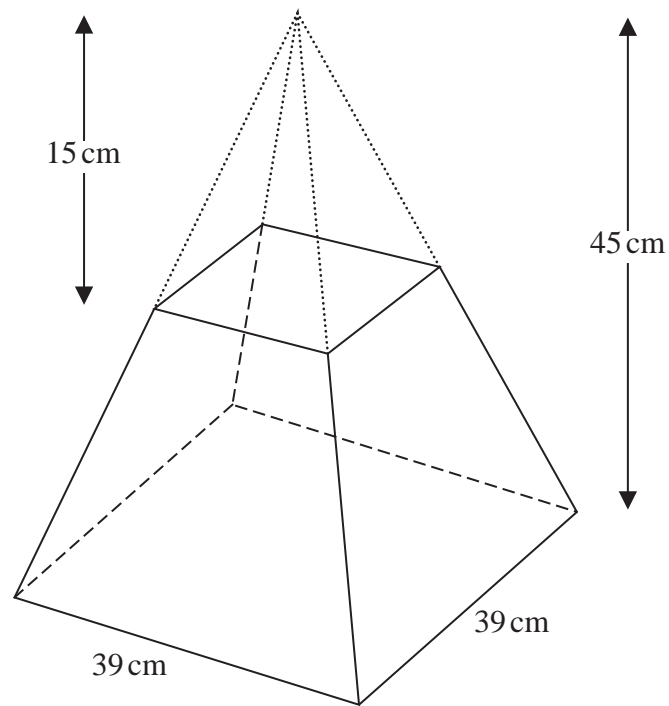


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The height of the small pyramid is 15 cm.

The height of the large pyramid is 45 cm.

The square base of the large pyramid has side length 39 cm.

Work out the **total** surface area of the frustum.

Give your answer correct to the nearest whole number.

.....  $\text{cm}^2$

(Total for Question 22 is 5 marks)

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23 The diagram shows a cuboid with a square cross section.

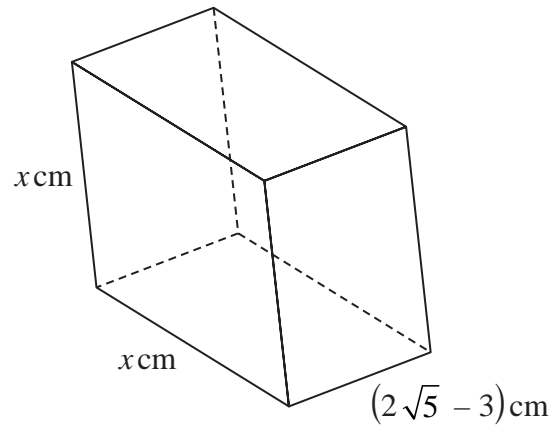


Diagram **NOT**  
accurately drawn

The volume of the cuboid is  $(13 + 6\sqrt{5})\text{cm}^3$

Without using a calculator, find the value of  $x$

Give your answer in the form  $a + \sqrt{b}$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers.

Show your working clearly.

$$x = \dots\dots\dots$$

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**(Total for Question 23 is 4 marks)**

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